To: All CNS Wall-Plate Customers
From: Todd Hester; Wall-Plate Project Deployment Manager, CNS; (352) 392-2341
Date: July 08 2008 [Revised from 6/30/08 original memo]
Subject: Wall-Plate Network Edge Protection
       [includes example “Notification of Disabled Port” message as Addendum]

The Wall-Plate Network Edge Protection Roll-Out is scheduled to start in July. The roll-out will be
scheduled over the next several months. Each week a small group of buildings will be activated. The
schedule for July follows:

**July 6** - Rescheduled for July 13
  Rinker
  Psychology

**July 13** - Rescheduled for July 20
  Building 105
  Baughman Center
  Building 1604
  Building 1605
  Building 1626

**July 20** - Rescheduled for July 27
  Pugh
  Marston Science Library
  Building 1601
  Building 1602
  Building 1603

**July 27** - Rescheduled for August 3
  Gerson
  Phillips Center for Performing Arts
  Constans Theatre
The schedule for subsequent months will be posted soon. CNS will work with the local network managers prior to the roll-out for each building to identify potential problems and attempt to resolve Network Edge Protection triggers prior to roll-out. Please read the “User Guidelines for Wall-Plate Networks” document below to review what you can expect to see from these changes. Network Edge Protection triggers that cannot be resolved prior to roll-out will be granted time-limited exceptions. The time-limited exceptions will typically delay Network Edge Protection activation for a specific port for up to a few weeks. Several requests for long-term exceptions have already been received and will be evaluated shortly. Responses to requests for exception will be given prior to the roll-out for each building.

Wall-Plate departments can request longer exceptions for a particular device by submitting a written justification, or they can request an extension to the deadline by providing a detailed remediation plan including a listing of the devices in question, a timeline for the removal of the devices, and justification for the extension. Requests should be submitted via the CNS Request web page:

https://remedy.cns.ufl.edu/cgi-bin/submitRequest.cgi

In most cases remediation of Hubs and Switches connected to edge ports (intended for hosts) will include the installation of additional network cabling from the workstation back to the network closet, but some departments may be able to utilize existing wireless Ethernet services rather than deploying additional cabling. The cost of additional cabling starts at about $250 for a single cable install and increases by about $75 for each additional cable going to the same faceplate. Departments can submit a request for assistance in evaluating wireless options or can request assistance with planning and coordination of any cabling needs via the CNS Request web page.

All local managers should read the following document for a better understanding of the issues related to Network Edge Protection.
User Guidelines for Wall-Plate Networks

This document serves as a guideline for end users and administrators who operate hosts in a Wall-Plate Network with Network Edge Protection enabled. This is part of a new CNS network standard which will protect the network from many problems including most network loops, rogue DHCP servers, malfunctioning NICs, and misconfigured or misbehaving hosts. Automated systems will notify local administrators via email when ports in their area are disabled so that they may work with users and CNS to resolve any problems.

What the Users will See

A port that has been disabled will reactivate in 5 minutes. If the cause of the error has been removed, the port will remain active, and if not, it will be disabled again for another 5 minutes, and the cycle will continue. A Wall-Plate port will not display Ethernet link when it’s disabled, but a disabled port on an IP phone will show link up and simply not pass traffic. The IP phone should remain functional even if the network port has been disabled. Some common problem causes are listed below.

Laptops with Wired and Wireless NICs Set to Bridging Mode

A laptop (or desktop) host which has two connections to the network and has bridging enabled in the OS may be disabled. This is most commonly seen with hosts that have active wired and wireless connections. All such hosts should have bridging turned off in their network driver configuration.

Hubs and Switches Connected to Edge Ports

Hubs and Switches connected to edge ports (intended for hosts) may be disabled for several reasons. All network devices that extend the network beyond the wall plate must be approved and managed by CNS.
**IP Phones and Moving Hosts**

The switches in Cisco IP phones do not communicate link down traps to the Wall-Plate switches they connect to. As a result, a host that is connected to an IP phone and then moved to another Wall-Plate port within 5 minutes will be disabled. This will occur whether the destination port is on an IP phone or wall port. If a host is moved from a wall port to any other network port, there should be no problem since the link down state will cause the Wall-Plate switch to flush the tables. The vendor has been asked to improve IP phone and switch integration.

**NICs with Non-Standard 802.1x Enabled**

Some Marvel NICs have been found that assert a common MAC address during boot up, and then change their MAC address. These NICs do not follow Ethernet standards; i.e., they have a bug. The port may be disabled if the switch has learned the same MAC address on another port within 5 minutes. The offending MAC address for these NICs will be filtered at the Wall-Plate switch, but there may be others that have not been discovered. The network drivers for all wired NICs should have 802.1x disabled as a precaution until that technology has matured and is supported by Wall-Plate networks.

**VMware Hosts and Servers**

A VMware server configuration that is copied to create a new server must have its configuration altered to change the MAC address or the address will show up twice. This is a duplicate MAC address, and port security will shut down that port.

VMware servers that have 2 NIC cards connected to 2 Wall-Plate ports for failover will not work with port security. Please inform CNS when you wish to connect a redundant server, and network edge protection will be disabled on those ports.

A VMware host that is running more than 3 virtual machines within 5 minutes would be disabled.

**Rogue DHCP Servers**

All DHCP servers in Wall-Plate networks must be registered with CNS so that they may be explicitly allowed. The default configuration will filter DHCP packets which will protect local users from rogue DHCP servers. This condition will not reset or cause the port to be disabled.
Addendum

Notification of Disabled Port

All subnet managers listed as supporting the subnet with a disabled device will receive an email notification with the Wall-Plate port number for any disabled device each hour until the cause of the error is removed. An example of the email notification follows:

Subject: CNS Wall-Plate Network Edge Protection alert, port xxxx-xx-xxxx date time

This is an automated notice that Wall-Plate port xxxx-xx-xxxx has been automatically disabled at date time. A port that has been disabled will reactivate in 5 minutes. If the cause of the error has not been removed, the port will become disabled again, but these automated alerts will only be sent every hour. Please check this link for a list of possible causes and other details:


Please open a ticket with CNS if you believe this was a false positive or if you require other assistance to restore service:

https://remedy.cns.ufl.edu/cgi-bin/cnsproblems.cgi

If you have other questions or concerns regarding this matter, please reply to this email as soon as possible.

Thank you,

Network Services
Net-Services@lists.ufl.edu
(352) 392-2061

Home page: http://net-services.ufl.edu